

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[NUMB. XXXV.]

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1796.

[VOL. IX.]

A Scheme of Chances of Insurance

On the Lottery authorized by Law for raising 2250 dollars, for the Lexington Lodge, No 25; to raise the same sum for the purpose of repairing the streets building stone bridges, paving, &c. the town of Lexington.

THE trustees of the town of Lexington, as the representatives of the inhabitants, submit the following scheme to their constituents, and to the citizens of the state at large.

The inhabitants of the town, whether merchants, tradesmen or mechanics, and the farmers, planters and labourers of the country mutually depend upon, and assist each other. The inhabitants of the town have improving so disposed of to the cultivator of the land, which he cannot cultivate himself at the same price; on the other hand, as his occupation presented to receive no return, for what he has furnished to the husbandman, that produce, &c. in the article Rents, or the price of it.

These observations are verified by the great rise in the value of landed property adjacent to the town of Lexington, in proportion to the rise of property of the same description in other parts of the state, which can only be accounted for by the rapid improvement and increase of population in the town.

To the citizens of the town of Lexington, the trustees suggest that with the sum authorized by law to be collected and appropriated by them, the proceeds of seven years taxes will be insufficient to build stone bridges, to make levers for carrying off the water, to sink wells and erect pumps (the necessity of which has been evidenced by the late calamity by fire) and to make such other repairs, as are necessary for the health, safety and convenience of their fellow-citizens. What purpose the temporary repairs heretofore made, have answered, which have even exceeded the amount of their funds, every citizen can determine.

To the citizens of the state at large, they suggest that all increase of population is an increase of wealth; and that the increase of inhabitants who are employed in trade, manufacture or manufactures, and who do not cultivate the earth, must increase the demand for the necessities of life, and the competition of purchasers for a foreign market; and that the proposed improvement of the town is the most likely way to procure such increase of population.

The trade and communication between the town and the country, resembles the circulation of the blood, it is first impelled to the heart, and from thence driven to warm and invigorate the most inactive parts.

The scheme they propose is, that they will issue the same number of chances of insurance, as there are tickets in the Lexington Lodge lottery, with the same numbers, at the same price, and they will pay to the holder of a chance of the same number, as a ticket which shall draw a prize in that lottery, the sum which the fortunate holder of the ticket shall be entitled to.

The fortunate holders of chances of insurance, to be subject as the fortunate holders of tickets in that lottery, to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

LEXINGTON LOTTERY, No. 25.
1 Prize of 1250 Dollars is 1500.
2 — 500 — 1000.
3 — 250 — 750.
5 — 100 — 500.
12 — 50 — 600.
25 — 25 — 750.
50 — 25 — 2500.
125 — 35 — 1250.
250 — 17 — 2500.
500 — 6 — 2000.
2 of 100 each, being one for the chance of the same numbers as the first and last drawn tickets. 200.
Dollars, 15,000.
1016 prizes. Not two blanks to a prize.
2044 blanks. 3.

2000 tickets of 5 Dollars.
The holders of chances of insurance, who hold chances of the same numbers as the tickets which draw prizes, shall be paid the sum due to them in twenty days after the Lodge lottery is drawn.

A credit for one half of any number of chances will be given until the said lottery shall have finished drawing. If the several sums which shall be due to the holders of chances shall not be called for within eighteen months, they will be considered as donations.

The chances of insurance depend upon the drawing of the Lexington Lodge lottery authorized by law an account of the drawing of which is to be published in the Kentucky papers, shewing the blanks and prizes.

Tickets may be had by applying to Hugh McIlvain, James Morrison, Robert Patterson, George Teigarden, Alexander Parker, Thomas Jaffray, and James Hughes, trustees of the town of Lexington, who will manage the insurance, and be answerable for prizes.

At a Court of Quarter Sessions held for Nelson County, at the Court house in Bardstown on Wednesday the 9th day of September, in the year 1795.

PETER YOUNG Complainant,

JAMES MORRISON Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THE said Defendant not having entered his appearance agreeably to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendant is not an inhabitant of this state—or the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendant do appear here on the second Tuesday in February next, and answer the Complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively; and issue Sunday immediately after Divine service, at the front door of the Baptist meeting house on Cox's creek.

(A copy) Teste.

BEN. GRAYSON, C. C.

F. F. N. K. F. O. R. T.

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF MERCANDISE

JUST opened and for sale by the subscriber, on the lowest terms for Cash or Country Produce, in the house lately occupied Capt. DANIEL GANO & CO.

April 10, 1796. 36

TAKEN up by the subscriber on Summer-
field, Bourbon county, a dark bay horse
calf, with a bold face and a bell on him, two
years old, not brandy, appraised to \$10.
Hance Baker.

Feb. 19, 1796.

WAYNESVILLE.

ON the 29th of May next a number of LOTS in the town of WAYNESVILLE, will be sold at public auction, to re-purchase to pay one fourth of the personal money within four months, and the other three fourths within one year from the day of sale. Bond and approved security will be required—the sale to begin at ten o'clock.

WAYNESVILLE is situated on both sides of Stoner's fork of Licking, at the place known by Myer's Mill—within the bounds of the town are two grist mills and a saw mill complete, and shortly to be erected a hemp & fulling mill; there are in said town a number of running fountains, and to which are roads from the following places, (viz.) Lexington, Danville, Frankfort and Little mountain, besides many others shortly expected.—A good title will be made to the lots.

EVAN & WILLIAM FRANCIS.

April 21, 1796. 38

TROTTER & SCOTT.

HAVING sold off their store, earnestly request all those indebted to them, by bond, note or open account, to come forward & make immediate payment to themselves or Mr. WILLIAM SCOTT, who is an attorney at law, and a good attorney. Those who neglect this service, cannot expect any longer indulgence. They will attend for the above purpose at the house they lately occupied on Main street.

Lexington, April 2, 1796.

INNIS E. PRENTY, P. M.

NOTICE

I hereby give to all whom it may concern, that commissioners appointed by the county court of Bourbon, will meet on the first day of June next, at the beginning of a military survey of 2000 acres of land made in the name of Thomas Giff lying in the county of Bourbon on Giff's creek, a branch of Stoner's fork of Licking; and then there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses respecting said survey, and do such other act as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

Joseph Robens.

Jeremiah Kirtley.

May 11, 1796.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Now remaining in the Post-Office at Lexington, and if not taken out in three months, will be returned to the General Post-Office as Dead Letters.—April 1, 1796.

WILLIAM ADAMS, Woodford county.

John Kentucky; Nathan Allen, mercer, do.

James' Newell, school-master, at Col.

James' Newell, school-master, Kentucky;

John Newell, Lexington, Kentucky;

John Newell, Lexington

GENOA, Feb. 12.

The Neapolitan squadron, which hitherto had been joined with the British fleet, are returned to Naples with a great number of their crews sick on board. It is expected they will be replaced by a fresh squadron.

According to the treaty of peace lately concluded between England and Algiers, the latter are permitted to convey their prizes into the ports of Corfou. The Vice-Roy of this kingdom pays 179,000l. to the Dey for releasing the Corfou slaves, retained in Algiers. The Dey has received a beautiful Chebeck of 16 guns, as a present from the English.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 23.

A great number of cavalry coming from Austria, passed through this town the day before yesterday, on their way to join the army on the Rhine, having a great number of horses for it.

Two messengers from the British ambassador at Lanfance, and another from Turin, have passed on their way to London.

Advices from Munich mention, that the rates of slavery have increased to three millions and a half of florins to the elector, to a sum now in establishing an army of 20,000 men, 18,500 of which are to join the Austrian troops at the opening of the next campaign.

There is a report, that a convention of the states of the empire will be formed at Mainz; the deputies which are also mentioned, namely, Baron Hohenthal for the court of Saxony, and Count Salm for the electorate of Bohemia.

Much has been said in our papers of a report of peace circulating at Vienna, on the 12th; the accounts from whence say, that the triple alliance of the courts of Vienna, Peterburg and London, has made a very great impression on the present government of France, and induced them to lower their demands in some degree. It is said that the last counter from Paris, with dispatches from our minister Dargelma, at that place, has brought with him more moderate terms of peace.

We cannot speak with any certainty on this head, although some of our politicians pretend, that the plan, for a pacification is already made, agreeably to which the English as well as the French make mutual restitution of all conquests. Thus far it may be relied on, that the correspondence between our court and several foreign ones, is at present uncommonly frequent: couriers are daily arriving, while others are dispatched.

The forced loan in Alzace, is levied by execution, at present.

The report, stating that the French had made proposals for the renewal of the armistice for three months longer, has hitherto not been confirmed.

HAMBURG, Feb. 19.

The cabinet of Madrid and Lisbon, had, long time since concerted a close alliance for the mutual defense of the independence of both kingdoms against foreign assumptions.

The danger of an attack from England to which this step might probably expose Portugal, delayed for some time this great political stroke, but all the difficulties will now be removed: and the necessary means concerted in order to enable the Portuguese court to assume a firm attitude towards the British government. This is the real cause of the formidable armaments of Spain by land and by sea, her fleets and armies are ready to defend Portugal against an invasion from that quarter.

There was once a time when imperial necessity forced the house of Braganza to sacrifice everything to the protection of Great Britain against the overgrowing power of Spain, but this time is over, Spain and Portugal are now united by the ties of kindred and their common interests. The counsellors of

the prince of Brazil, did not in vain call his attention upon the splendor of Portugal, and the object state he is reduced to, since her treaties with England her colonies decayed, her commerce vanished, agriculture languished, and an object of profit and the natives enslaved in the mines of Brazil to fill the treasures of the English merchants. From that time Portugal deserved better the name of a tributary province of Great Britain than that of an independent state. Portugal had nothing to do with the present contest in Europe, but her connection with England forced her to take a share in the war, and a very considerable one in the difficulties attending it; for according to an exact statement of the losses of the Portuguese merchants from 1794 to October 1795, amount to twenty millions of Reals, the cost of naval armaments not included.

The army of Pichetgru which by its disorderly behavior occasioned the late checks of the French, is completely re-organized; almost all the officers are dismissed and replaced, by those who were formerly driven away as Jacobins.

The new acquisitions of Austria in Poland contain according to the late census taken by order of the Emperor, 267 towns and boroughs, 2605 villages, 151,117 families and 1,100,178 inhabitants.

LONDON, March 7.

Last night a vessel arrived at Dover, from Calais, from which a foreign gentleman and another were landed, the former of whom immediately took coach post for London. The conjecture was, however we cannot say, that he was charged with dispatches from Paris for our ministers. We received by this vessel, a Monitor of the third rate. It contains little that is interesting or important. The council seems to be occupied in discussions of some length upon the motion for admitting into the legislative body, 7 members of the late National Convention.

In the evening of the 11th instant (March 1) two commissioners were appointed by the council of Five Hundred, one to present a plan of police to prevent strangers from flocking to Paris.

The Frenchman who arrived the other day from Paris, at the office of the secretary of state for foreign departments, brought dispatches to lord Grenville, sealed with the National Seal of France. Their contents of course, have not yet transpired.

Mr. John Warren, that active and admirable officer it is said, is again to have the command of a squadron of frigates, to cruise off the coast of France.

St. JOHN'S, (Antigua,) Feb. 15.

Yesterday evening an American Indianaman commanded by a capt. M. Allister, came to an anchor in our road, being in want of water; by her we have learnt that the British forces in India have reduced Batavia, & all the Dutch settlements in that part of the world.

PORTSMOUTH, April 6.

A LETTER is received in town from Capt. John Newland dated at Havre Feb. 20 which informs that there were 230 sail of vessels wrecked on the coast of France, the past season, and that chief of them were American vessels, which the shores presented the melancholy spectacle of being covered with dead bodies.

BOSTON, April 15.

GOOD NEWS.

It is a fact, that nearly 30,000 Dollars in specie were received in Galen, Eddy, from London, and landed in this town on Wednesday.

And we are assured, 12,000l. sterling, in hard money, is shipped on board the Minerva, Scott, for this place.

The balance of the trade be-

tween England and America, certainly at present, and has been for some time favorable to America. All the above monies, are the returns of outward cargoes.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.

The following Memorial was agreed upon at the meeting of the Merchants and Traders of this city on Friday last.

To the honorable house of Representatives of the United States, The memorial of the Subscribers, Merchants and Traders of Philadelphia,

Respectfully, &c.

That they have waited, with anxious expectation, to see the necessary measures adopted, by your honorable house for carrying into operation the treaty concluded between the United States and Great Britain and are now seriously alarmed lest those measures would be further delayed or entirely omitted.

Under that impression, they demand it immediately on them to represent, the property of the Merchants of the United States, amounting upon a moderate computation, to more than five millions of dollars have been taken from them by the subjects of Great Britain, the restitution of which they verily believe depends, in a great measure, upon the completion of the treaty on our part.

Independent of this immense sum they have embarked the principal part of their remaining fortunes in vessels and adventures, the safety of which will, as they apprehend, be materially affected by a refusal or neglect on the part of the United States to comply with stipulations so solemnly entered into—Besides their particular interest as Merchants and Traders, they feel an interest in common with their fellow-citizens of other descriptions, in the preservation of peace, on which the property of this country depends; and they should deem themselves wanting in that filii and independent which ought ever to characterize a menem, if they forsook, on so interesting an occasion as the present, to expect their wives and dependents.

They therefore, with all due respect for the Representatives of the people of the United States, beg leave to recommend that no partial considerations of policy may induce their decision on this important question; but that the faith, the honor, and the interest of the nation may be preserved by making the necessary provisions for carrying the treaty into law and honorable effect.

NORFOLK, April 12.

ATTACK ON LEOGANE.

The British fleet sailed from Port au Prince on the 21st March, consisting of 3 sail of the line, 3 frigates, 1 sloop of war, 4 letters of marque, 3 gun boats, and a number of transports having on board 2000 troops; on the 22d, got possession of the town of Leogane, after six hours' heavy fire, which they immediately burnt. On the 24th a ship of war arrived at the Mole with the information that Leogane was not tenable, and before Capt. S's departure from the Mole information was received that the French had re-taken the place and put all the men they could find to the sword.

PITTSBURGH April 30.

We hear by the way of the Illinois that the inhabitants within the United States Territory, near Detroit, have moved off, or are preparing to move to the Canada, side of the lake, and Detroit river; and also, within these two days, from preface life we hear that the inhabitants at the garrison of Niagara are preparing to move: All much chagrined at the Treaty with the United States.

LEXINGTON, May 14.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in this place, dated April 25.

As to news from this place, little that is satisfactory can be expected, about the great difference in opinion among the members of Congress, and between the House of Representatives and the President.

Appropriations were made without difficulty for carrying the Spanish, Algerine and Indian wars into effect, and the bills now before the Senate on the British treaty has been the object of debate for near two weeks, and no determination has yet taken place; and I verily believe no appropriation will be made this session for that purpose. There is a great battle here,—the city is nearly divided.

The British continue to take our vessels if bound out from a French or Dutch port, and also impairs our seamen wherever they find them.

A list of Representatives and Electors, BOURBON.

Representatives—Wm. Garrard, J. Gregg, Charles Smith, J. Mountjoy, Robert Wimber, Wm. Gidley.

Elected—J. Garrard, T. Jones, J. Brown, John Edwards, Robt. Finley, Geo. Mountjoy.

CAMPBELL.

Elected—John Craig, John Walker.

CLARKE.

Representatives—Richard Hickman, Robt. Douglass, James M. Mullin, James Poague.

Elected—John Clarke, D. Bullock, James Mylne, Robt. McNamee.

JEFFERSON.

Representatives—Jas. Mc. Wether. Wm. Weir.

Elected—A. S. Bullitt, Jas. Mc. Wether.

MADISON.

Representatives—Robt. Caldwell, Jas. Barnett, Thomas Clay, Bigg, Grubbs.

Elected—John Miller, Wm. Irvine, Robt. Rodes, Green Clay.

MASON.

Representatives—Wm. Parker, J. Pickett, John Howe, Paul Thomas, Geo. Lewis.

Elected—G. M. Rodger, M. W. Conway, Thos. Sibley, John Macfar, M. Calaway.

SHELBY.

Representatives—John Gwyn, E. J. Arter, Jas. Logan, David Standard.

FIGGIAN.

COME, give me your hand neighbor;

Candidate cries:

Are you well? "Well" Elector replies.

Have you lately received from me a small note?

No. What was it for? "To solicit your vote."

SQUIRREL HUNT.

I WISH to inform the inhabitants of Lexington and all gentlemen living in Fayette county, that there will be a squirrel hunt on the last Friday & Saturday in this month—Fayette to hunt against Woodford county—the losing party to pay an elegant barbecue. As I am informed all exertions will be used in Woodford, I solicit all my friends to exert themselves as much as possible. We are to hunt all day Friday, and Saturday morning; then meet at Cox's spring on Scott's road, in order to count the scaps, none of which will be received after 12 o'clock.

WILLIAM HAYDON.

May 12, 1795. I.W.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF WEBBER & LINTEL.

IS this day dissolved. All those indebted to them, are requested to pay off their accounts immediately.

The BAKING BUSINESS will, in future, be carried on by the subscriber, on Cross street in Lexington.

—LAWRENCE LINTEL.

May 13, 1795. I.W.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Clarke, on the first day of June next, on an entry made in the name of Basil Stoker of one thousand acres on a treasury warrant, on a west branch of the east fork of Licking, including a large finking deer lick, about a quarter of a mile from his cabin, & about six miles from an old Indian town; in order to perpetuate testimony for the establishment of certain calls in said entry, and do such other things as may be necessary and according to law.

ABRAHAM STOKER.

May 11, 1795. I.W.

Kentucky Academy, May 10, 1796.

To Mr. James Crawford, Chm.

Sir,

W^hat a few either temporary or permanent, should be fixed upon for the Kentucky Academy; we therefore request you, sir, to call a meeting of the Board on the second day of June next, in order to deliberate on that subject, and such other business as may come before them. We are, sir, with due respect yours, &c. &c.

James Welch,

James Blythe,

William Galbraith,

Robert Patterson,

Andrew McCullough.

In consequence of the above, the Trustees of said Academy are appointed to meet on the above mentioned second day of June at the house of Mr. Robert Megowan in Lexington.

JAMES CRAWFORD, Chm.

May 10, 1796.

MIDDLETON.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

ON the first day of June next, on the Plantation of the subscriber, one mile east of Myers' or Francis' mills on Stoner's, a number of IN AND OUT LOTS, in the town of MIDDLETOWN; the lots are, one half the purchase money to be paid within two years, the other half within two years thereafter. — The sale to begin early in the morning.

The situation of Middletown is equal to any in the state; it being nearly in the center between Bourbon, Clarke, Little Mountain, and Matherfield; and in the direction suitable for roads to pass through to the above places, one of which is already open. 284 lots in said town were sold for \$24,750. on the 15th of April, and others since.

JAMES SWINNEY,
Bourbon county, May 5, 1796.

At a Court of Quarter Sessions continued and held for Mercer county, at the court-house on Wednesday the 23d day of February, 1796.

ROBERT DANIEL, Complainant,
Aggrieved.

DANIEL BROADBENT, Defendant,
In Chancery.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance agreeably to law & the rules of this court, and it appearing to the court that the said defendant is no inhabitant of this country, on the motion of the complainant, therefore, by his council, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of our next June court to be held for said county, and answer the complainant's bill & that a copy of this order be forthwith posted up at the front door of this court-house, published at Cane Run meeting house, near Harrodsburg, some Sunday immediately after divine service, and inferred two weeks in the Kentucky Gazette.

(A copy) Teile,
THO. ALLIN, C. C.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, to all whom it may concern, that the commissioners appointed by the county court of Madison, agreeable to an act of Assembly passed April 1794, entitled "An act to ascertain the boundaries of land, and for other purposes," that I shall meet on Friday the tenth of June 1796, with said commissioners & sundry witnesses on a claim of 1400 acres, surveyed for Anthony Bledsoe, to establish his survey and marks, or entry calls for which entry it is agreed to be at Thomas Turner's, on the branch of the Kentucky River opposite to William Cockey, entering four hundred and ten by virtue of a continuing &c. lying on the head of the fourth branch of "Tate's" creek, about half a mile above some dead trees on the branch whereon was marked W. C. entered February 25, 1782, and a presumption laid adjoining of one thousand acres; had marked two supposed to be at Thomas Turner's, for John Turner, where we shall meet on the day above mentioned, by ten o'clock in the morning, in order to take the deposition of Justice H. S. Daniel, John, Mingo Sioner, and others, to make their testimony before the court, and to file their claim; and do such further acts as the law directs.

WILLIAM BLYTHE.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Mercer county about five miles from Edwardsburg, on Sunbury road, a dark brown MULE, about four years old, four hands high, a black pinto, has a white star on his forehead, and a white blaze on his nose, and a white spot on his forehead, a small white tuft on his tail, a white blaze on his neck, a white blaze on his shoulder, a white blaze on his side, a white blaze on his hind quarters, and a white blaze on his hind legs, and has a striped tail, appraised to £12.

HENRY MUNDAY MARKS.

January 18, 1796.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the water of Sunbury Creek, Lincoln county, a white & black colt, about 12 months old, a small black & white colt, appraised to £12.

ALBION HARRIS, Esq. &c. &c. &c.

about two years old, marked with two years old, marked as a female crop of two years old, and appraised to £12.

ALBION HARRIS, Esq. &c. &c. &c.

about two years old, marked with a female crop of two years old, appraised to £12.

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